SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILLS NOS. 588, 557, 579, 563, 869, 619, 570, 753, 764, 782, 783 & 890

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BARTLE.

Offered March 7, 2006.

Senate Substitute adopted, March 7, 2006.

Taken up for Perfection March 7, 2006. Bill declared Perfected and Ordered Printed, as amended.

3083S.09P

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 43.650, 217.735, 547.170, 556.061, 558.018, 559.100, 559.106, 566.010, 566.030, 566.060, 566.067, 566.083, 566.086, 566.090, 566.140, 566.145, 566.151, 573.010, 575.195, 589.400, 589.402, 589.407, 589.414, 589.425, 632.480, 632.484, 632.489, 632.492, 632.495, 632.498, 632.501, 632.504, and 632.507, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof forty-one new sections relating to sexual offenders, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 43.650, 217.735, 547.170, 556.061, 558.018, 559.100,

- 2 559.106, 566.010, 566.030, 566.060, 566.067, 566.083, 566.086, 566.090, 566.140,
- 3 566.145, 566.151, 573.010, 575.195, 589.400, 589.402, 589.407, 589.414, 589.425,
- 4 632.480, 632.484, 632.489, 632.492, 632.495, 632.498, 632.501, 632.504, and
- 5 632.507, RSMo, are repealed and forty-one new sections enacted in lieu thereof,
- 6 to be known as sections 43.533, 43.650, 188.023, 217.735, 351.609, 489.042,
- $7 \quad 544.025, 544.170, 556.061, 558.018, 559.100, 559.106, 566.010, 566.030, 566.060,$
- 8 566.067, 566.083, 566.086, 566.090, 566.140, 566.145, 566.151, 566.213, 573.010,
- 9 575.195, 589.400, 589.402, 589.407, 589.414, 589.425, 632.480, 632.484, 632.489,

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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10 632.492, 632.495, 632.498, 632.501, 632.504, 632.505, 632.507, and 650.120, to

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11 read as follows:

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43.533. 1. The highway patrol shall, subject to appropriation, operate a toll-free telephone number in order to disseminate registration information provided by individuals who are required to register under sections 589.400 to 589.425, RSMo, and receive information from persons regarding the residency of a registered sexual offender. The information available via the telephone number shall include only information that offenders are required to provide under section 589.407, RSMo. When the highway patrol provides such information regarding a sexual offender, the patrol personnel shall 10 advise the person making the inquiry that positive identification of a person believed to be a sexual offender cannot be established unless a 11 fingerprint comparison is made, and that it is illegal to use such 12information regarding a registered sexual offender to facilitate the 13 commission of a crime. The toll-free telephone number shall be 14 published on the highway patrol's sexual offender registry website 15 maintained under section 43.650. 16

2. The patrol shall promulgate rules to effect the enforcement of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void.

43.650. 1. The patrol shall, subject to appropriation, maintain a web page on the Internet which shall be open to the public and shall include a registered sexual offender search capability.

2. The registered sexual offender search shall make it possible for any person using the Internet to search for and find the information specified in subdivisions (1) to (4) of subsection 4 of this section, if known, on offenders

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7 registered in this state pursuant to sections 589.400 to 589.425, RSMo, except

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- 8 that only persons who have been convicted of, found guilty of or plead guilty to
- 9 committing or attempting to commit sexual offenses shall be included on this web
- 10 site.
- 3. The registered sexual offender search shall include the capability to
- 12 search for sexual offenders by name, zip code, and by typing in an address and
- 13 specifying a search within a certain number of miles radius from that address.
- 4. Only the information listed in subdivisions (1) to (4) of this subsection
- 15 shall be provided to the public in the registered sexual offender search:
- 16 (1) The name and any known aliases of the offender;
- 17 (2) The date of birth and any known alias dates of birth of the 18 offender;
 - (3) A physical description of the offender;
- 20 (4) The [last known address] residence, temporary, work, and school
- 21 addresses of the offender, including the street address, city, county, state, and
- 22 zip code;

- 23 [(3) A photograph] (5) Any photographs of the offender; [and
- 24 [(4) The crime or crimes for which the offender was convicted that caused
- 25 him or her to have to register.]
- 26 (6) A physical description of the offender's vehicles, including
- 27 the year, make, model, color, and license plate number;
- 28 (7) The nature and dates of all offenses qualifying the offender
- 29 to register;
- 30 (8) The date on which the offender was released from the
- 31 department of mental health, prison, or jail, or placed on parole,
- 32 supervised release, or probation for the offenses qualifying the offender
- 33 to register; and
- 34 (9) Compliance status of the offender with the provisions of
- 35 section 589.400 to 589.425, RSMo.
 - 188.023. Any licensed health care professional who delivers a
- 2 baby or performs an abortion, who has prima facie evidence that a
- By patient has been the victim of statutory rape in the first degree or
- 4 statutory rape in the second degree, or if the patient is under the age
- 5 of eighteen, that he or she has been a victim of sexual abuse, including
- 6 forcible rape, sexual assault, or incest, shall be required to report such

7 offenses in the same manner as provided for by section 210.115, RSMo.

217.735. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary,

- 2 the board shall supervise an offender for the duration of his or her natural life
- 3 when the offender has pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of an offense under
- 4 section 566.030, 566.032, 566.060, 566.062, 566.067, 566.083, 566.100, 566.151,
- 5 566.212, **566.213**, 568.020, 568.080, or 568.090, RSMo, based on an act committed
- 6 on or after August 28, [2005] 2006, against a victim who was less than fourteen
- years old and the offender is a prior sex offender as defined in subsection 2 of this
- 8 section.
- 9 2. For the purpose of this section, a prior sex offender is a person who has
- 10 previously pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of an offense contained in
- 11 chapter 566, RSMo, or violating section 568.020, RSMo, when the person
- 12 had sexual intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse with the victim,
- 13 or violating subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 568.045, RSMo.
- 14 3. The board shall supervise any person, who was civilly
- 15 committed as a sexually violent predator, and released under the
- 16 provisions of chapter 632, RSMo, on or after August 28, 2006, for the
- 17 duration of his or her natural life.
- 18 4. Subsection 1 of this section applies to offenders who have been granted
- 19 probation, and to offenders who have been released on parole, conditional release,
- 20 or upon serving their full sentence without early release. Supervision of an
- 21 offender who was released after serving his or her full sentence will be considered
- 22 as supervision on parole.
- 23 [4.] 5. A mandatory condition of lifetime supervision of an offender under
- 24 this section is that the offender be electronically monitored. Electronic
- 25 monitoring shall be based on a global positioning system or other technology that
- 26 identifies and records the offender's location at all times.
- 27 [5.] 6. In appropriate cases as determined by a risk assessment, the
- 28 board may terminate the supervision of an offender who is being supervised
- 29 under this section when the offender is sixty-five years of age or older.
- 30 [6.] 7. In accordance with section 217.040, the board may adopt rules
- 31 relating to supervision and electronic monitoring of offenders under this section.
 - 351.609. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms
- 2 shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Adverse result", danger to the life or physical safety of an

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- 4 individual, a flight from prosecution, the destruction of or tampering 5 with evidence, the intimidation of potential witnesses, or serious 6 jeopardy to an investigation or undue delay of a trial that occurs as a 7 result of the notification of a subpoena or search warrant.
- 8 (2) "Electronic communication services" and "remote computing 9 services", the same meaning as provided by the Electronic 10 Communications Privacy Act in Chapter 121 (commencing with Section 11 2701) of Part I of Title 18 of the United States Code Annotated, as 12 amended. This section shall not apply to corporations that do not 13 provide electronic communication services or remote computing 14 services to the general public.
 - (3) "Foreign corporation", the same meaning as defined in section 351.015, and in addition, those corporations organized under the laws of the United States government.
 - (4) "Missouri corporation", any corporation governed by the general and business corporation law of Missouri under the provisions of this chapter that files its articles of incorporation with the Missouri secretary of state and is issued a certificate of incorporation under section 351.060, RSMo.
- 23 (5) "Properly served", a subpoena or search warrant that has been delivered by hand, or in a manner reasonably allowing for proof 24of delivery by United States mail, overnight delivery service, or 2526facsimile to any officer of a foreign corporation or its general manager 27in this state, or if the corporation is a bank to a cashier or an assistant 28cashier, or to any natural person designated by the foreign corporation 29as an agent for the service of process, or any person named in the latest certificate of the corporate agent if the corporation has designated 30 such a corporate agent. A copy of the statement and designation, or a 31 copy of the latest statement filed and certified by the secretary of state 33 is sufficient evidence of the appointment of an agent for the service of process. 34
- 2. The provisions of this section shall apply to any subpoena or search warrant issued to search for records that are in the actual or constructive possession of a foreign corporation that provides electronic communication services or remote computing services to the

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general public, where those records would reveal the identity of the customers using the service, data stored by, or on behalf of, the customer, the customer's usage of those services, the recipient or destination of communications sent to or from those customers, or the content of those communications.

- 3. When properly served with a subpoena or search warrant issued by a Missouri court, a foreign corporation shall provide to the peace officer to whom the subpoena or search warrant was issued, all records sought under the subpoena or search warrant within five business days of receipt, including any records maintained or located outside the state.
- 4. Where the peace officer to whom a subpoena or search warrant was issued makes a showing and the issuing judge finds that failure to produce records within five business days will cause an adverse result, the subpoena or search warrant may require production of records within less than five business days. A court may reasonably extend the time required for production of the records upon finding that the foreign corporation has shown good cause for that extension and that an extension of time would not cause an adverse result.
- 5. A foreign corporation seeking to quash the subpoena or search warrant shall seek relief from the court that issued the subpoena or search warrant within the time required for production of records under this section. The issuing court shall hear and decide that motion no later than five court days after the motion is filed.
- 6. The foreign corporation shall verify the authenticity of records that it produces by providing a verified affidavit. Such records shall be admissible as evidence.
- 66 Missouri corporation that provides electronic communication services or remote computing services to the general 67public, when served with a subpoena or search warrant issued by another state to produce records that reveal the identity of the 69 customers using those services, data stored by, or on behalf of, the customer, the customer's usage of those services, the recipient or 71destination of communications sent to or from those customers, or the 72content of those communications, shall produce those records as if the

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74 subpoena or search warrant was issued by a court of this state.

8. No cause of action shall lie against any foreign corporation or Missouri corporation subject to this section, its officers, employees, agents, or other specified persons for providing records, information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with the terms of a subpoena or search warrant subject to this section.

489.042. The court or the board of probation and parole shall have the authority to require a person who is required to register as a sexual offender under sections 589.400 to 589.425, RSMo, to give his or her assigned probation or parole officer access to his or her personal home computer as a condition of probation or parole in order to monitor and prevent such offender from obtaining and keeping child pornography or from committing an offense under chapter 566, RSMo. Such access shall allow the probation or parole officer to view the internet use history, computer hardware, and computer software of any computer, including a laptop computer, that the offender owns.

544.025. 1. When a victim of a sexual offense initially makes a report of such offense to a law enforcement officer or a prosecuting or circuit attorney, such law enforcement officer or prosecuting or circuit attorney shall endeavor to inform the victim that he or she has a right to request a no contact order be issued against the alleged perpetrator of the sexual offense and how the victim can obtain such an order.

7 2. When a judge issues an arrest warrant for a person alleged to have committed a sexual offense, regardless of whether or not the warrant is based on a complaint, indictment, or information, such judge 10 shall, if it has been requested by the victim or victims, also enter an order at the same time stating that the defendant shall have no contact 11 12or communication of any kind, direct or indirect, with the alleged victim or victims. The order shall remain in effect until the criminal 13 case is concluded. As used in this section "no contact or communication of any kind, direct or indirect" includes but is not limited to contact or 15 communication in person, by writing, telephone, fax, e-mail, or any 16 other type of electronic communication, and includes contact or 17communication through a third party or parties, except that the 18 defendant may communicate through his or her attorney to the

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20 prosecuting or circuit attorney, or if the defendant does not have

- 21 counsel, directly to the prosecuting or circuit attorney, any lawful
- 22 request or legally necessary information which the prosecuting or
- 23 circuit attorney may then relay to the victim, if appropriate.
- 24 3. The court shall revoke the bond of any defendant who
- 25 knowingly violates the no contact or communication provisions of
- 26 subsection 2 of this section.
 - 547.170. In all cases where an appeal or writ of error is prosecuted from
 - 2 a judgment in a criminal cause, except where the defendant is under sentence of
 - death or imprisonment in the penitentiary for life, or a sentence of imprisonment
 - 4 for a violation of sections 195.222, RSMo, 565.021, RSMo, 565.050, RSMo,
 - 5 subsections 1 and 2 of section 566.030, 566.032, 566.040, 566.060, 566.062,
 - 6 **566.067**, 566.070, **566.083**, 566.100, **566.151**, **566.212**, **566.213**, **568.080**,
 - 7 568.090, 573.023, 573.025, 573.035, 573.037, RSMo, any court or officer
 - 8 authorized to order a stay of proceedings under the preceding provisions may
 - 9 allow a writ of habeas corpus, to bring up the defendant, and may thereupon let
- 10 him to bail upon a recognizance, with sufficient sureties, to be approved by such
- 11 court or judge.
 - 556.061. In this code, unless the context requires a different definition,
- 2 the following shall apply:
- 3 (1) "Affirmative defense" has the meaning specified in section 556.056;
- 4 (2) "Burden of injecting the issue" has the meaning specified in section
- 5 556.051;
- 6 (3) "Commercial film and photographic print processor", any person who
- 7 develops exposed photographic film into negatives, slides or prints, or who makes
- 8 prints from negatives or slides, for compensation. The term commercial film and
- 9 photographic print processor shall include all employees of such persons but shall
- 10 not include a person who develops film or makes prints for a public agency;
- 11 (4) "Confinement":
- 12 (a) A person is in confinement when such person is held in a place of
- 13 confinement pursuant to arrest or order of a court, and remains in confinement
- 14 until:
- a. A court orders the person's release; or
- 16 b. The person is released on bail, bond, or recognizance, personal or
- 17 otherwise; or

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18 c. A public servant having the legal power and duty to confine the person 19 authorizes his release without guard and without condition that he return to 20 confinement;

- (b) A person is not in confinement if:
- a. The person is on probation or parole, temporary or otherwise; or
- b. The person is under sentence to serve a term of confinement which is not continuous, or is serving a sentence under a work-release program, and in either such case is not being held in a place of confinement or is not being held under guard by a person having the legal power and duty to transport the person to or from a place of confinement;
- 28 (5) "Consent": consent or lack of consent may be expressed or 29 implied. Assent does not constitute consent if:
- 30 (a) It is given by a person who lacks the mental capacity to authorize the 31 conduct charged to constitute the offense and such mental incapacity is manifest 32 or known to the actor; or
- 33 (b) It is given by a person who by reason of youth, mental disease or 34 defect, or intoxication, is manifestly unable or known by the actor to be unable 35 to make a reasonable judgment as to the nature or harmfulness of the conduct 36 charged to constitute the offense; or
- 37 (c) It is induced by force, duress or deception;
- 38 (6) "Criminal negligence" has the meaning specified in section 562.016, 39 RSMo;
- 40 (7) "Custody", a person is in custody when the person has been arrested 41 but has not been delivered to a place of confinement;
- 42 (8) "Dangerous felony" means the felonies of arson in the first degree, 43 assault in the first degree, attempted forcible rape if physical injury results, 44 attempted forcible sodomy if physical injury results, forcible rape, forcible 45 sodomy, kidnaping, murder in the second degree, assault of a law enforcement officer in the first degree, domestic assault in the first degree, elder abuse in the 46 47 first degree, robbery in the first degree, statutory rape in the first degree when the victim is a child less than twelve years of age at the time of the commission 48 of the act giving rise to the offense, statutory sodomy in the first degree when the 49 victim is a child less than twelve years of age at the time of the commission of the 50 act giving rise to the offense, and, abuse of a child pursuant to subdivision (2) of 5152subsection 3 of section 568.060, RSMo, and child kidnapping;

- 53 (9) "Dangerous instrument" means any instrument, article or substance,
- 54 which, under the circumstances in which it is used, is readily capable of causing
- 55 death or other serious physical injury;
- 56 (10) "Deadly weapon" means any firearm, loaded or unloaded, or any
- 57 weapon from which a shot, readily capable of producing death or serious physical
- 58 injury, may be discharged, or a switchblade knife, dagger, billy, blackjack or
- 59 metal knuckles;
- 60 (11) "Felony" has the meaning specified in section 556.016;
- 61 (12) "Forcible compulsion" means either:
- 62 (a) Physical force that overcomes reasonable resistance; or
- 63 (b) A threat, express or implied, that places a person in reasonable fear
- 64 of death, serious physical injury or kidnapping of such person or another person;
- 65 (13) "Incapacitated" means that physical or mental condition, temporary
- 66 or permanent, in which a person is unconscious, unable to appraise the nature of
- 67 such person's conduct, or unable to communicate unwillingness to an act. A
- 68 person is not incapacitated with respect to an act committed upon such person if
- 69 he or she became unconscious, unable to appraise the nature of such person's
- 70 conduct or unable to communicate unwillingness to an act, after consenting to the
- 71 act;
- 72 (14) "Infraction" has the meaning specified in section 556.021;
- 73 (15) "Inhabitable structure" has the meaning specified in section 569.010,
- 74 RSMo:
- 75 (16) "Knowingly" has the meaning specified in section 562.016, RSMo;
- 76 (17) "Law enforcement officer" means any public servant having both the
- 77 power and duty to make arrests for violations of the laws of this state, and
- 78 federal law enforcement officers authorized to carry firearms and to make arrests
- 79 for violations of the laws of the United States;
- 80 (18) "Misdemeanor" has the meaning specified in section 556.016;
- 81 (19) "Offense" means any felony, misdemeanor or infraction;
- 82 (20) "Physical injury" means physical pain, illness, or any impairment of
- 83 physical condition;
- 84 (21) "Place of confinement" means any building or facility and the grounds
- 85 thereof wherein a court is legally authorized to order that a person charged with
- 86 or convicted of a crime be held;
- 87 (22) "Possess" or "possessed" means having actual or constructive

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possession of an object with knowledge of its presence. A person has actual possession if such person has the object on his or her person or within easy reach and convenient control. A person has constructive possession if such person has the power and the intention at a given time to exercise dominion or control over the object either directly or through another person or persons. Possession may also be sole or joint. If one person alone has possession of an object, possession is joint;

- (23) "Public servant" means any person employed in any way by a government of this state who is compensated by the government by reason of such person's employment, any person appointed to a position with any government of this state, or any person elected to a position with any government of this state. It includes, but is not limited to, legislators, jurors, members of the judiciary and law enforcement officers. It does not include witnesses;
- 101 (24) "Purposely" has the meaning specified in section 562.016, RSMo;
 - (25) "Recklessly" has the meaning specified in section 562.016, RSMo;
- 103 (26) "Ritual" or "ceremony" means an act or series of acts performed by 104 two or more persons as part of an established or prescribed pattern of activity;
 - (27) "Serious emotional injury", an injury that creates a substantial risk of temporary or permanent medical or psychological damage, manifested by impairment of a behavioral, cognitive or physical condition. Serious emotional injury shall be established by testimony of qualified experts upon the reasonable expectation of probable harm to a reasonable degree of medical or psychological certainty;
 - (28) "Serious physical injury" means physical injury that creates a substantial risk of death or that causes serious disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any part of the body;
- 114 (29) "Sexual conduct" means acts of human masturbation; deviate sexual 115 intercourse; sexual intercourse; or physical contact with a person's clothed or 116 unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or the breast of a female in an act of 117 apparent sexual stimulation or gratification;
 - (30) "Sexual contact" means any touching of the genitals or anus of any person, or the breast of any female person, or any such touching through the clothing, for the purpose of arousing or gratifying sexual desire of any person;
- 121 (31) "Sexual performance", any performance, or part thereof, which 122 includes sexual conduct by a child who is less than seventeen years of age;

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- 123 (32) "Voluntary act" has the meaning specified in section 562.011, RSMo.
 - 558.018. 1. The court shall sentence a person who has pleaded guilty to
 - 2 or has been found guilty of the felony of forcible rape, statutory rape in the first
 - 3 degree, forcible sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree or an attempt to
 - 4 commit any of the crimes designated in this subsection to an extended term of
 - 5 imprisonment if it finds the defendant is a persistent sexual offender.
 - 6 2. A "persistent sexual offender" is one who has previously pleaded guilty
 - 7 to or has been found guilty of the felony of forcible rape, rape, statutory rape in
 - the first degree, forcible sodomy, sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree or
 - 9 an attempt to commit any of the crimes designated in this subsection.
 - 3. The term of imprisonment for one found to be a persistent sexual
 - 11 offender shall be [not less than thirty years, which term shall be served without]
 - 12 imprisonment for life without eligibility for probation or
 - 13 parole. Subsection 4 of section 558.019 shall not apply to any person
 - 14 imprisoned under this subsection, and "imprisonment for life" shall
- 15 mean imprisonment for the duration of the person's natural life.
- 16 4. The court shall sentence a person who has pleaded guilty to or has been
- 17 found guilty of the felony of forcible rape, statutory rape in the first degree,
- 18 forcible sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree, or an attempt to commit
- 19 any of the preceding crimes or child molestation in the first degree when
- 20 classified as a class B felony or sexual abuse when classified as a class B felony
- 21 to an extended term of imprisonment as provided for in this section if it finds the
- 22 defendant is a predatory sexual offender.
- 5. For purposes of this section, a "predatory sexual offender" is a person
- 24 who:
- 25 (1) Has previously pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of the felony
- 26 of forcible rape, rape, statutory rape in the first degree, forcible sodomy, sodomy,
- 27 statutory sodomy in the first degree, or an attempt to commit any of the
- 28 preceding crimes or child molestation in the first degree when classified as a class
- 29 B felony or sexual abuse when classified as a class B felony; or
- 30 (2) Has previously committed an act which would constitute an offense
- 31 listed in subsection 4 of this section, whether or not the act resulted in a
- 32 conviction; or
- 33 (3) Has committed an act or acts against more than one victim which
- 34 would constitute an offense or offenses listed in subsection 4 of this section,

whether or not the defendant was charged with an additional offense or offenses as a result of such act or acts.

- 6. A person found to be a predatory sexual offender shall be imprisoned for life with eligibility for parole, however subsection 4 of section 558.019 shall not apply to persons found to be predatory sexual offenders for the purposes of determining the minimum prison term or the length of sentence as defined or used in such subsection. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in no event shall a person found to be a predatory sexual offender receive a final discharge from parole.
- 7. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall set the minimum time required to be served before a predatory sexual offender is eligible for parole, conditional release or other early release by the department of corrections. The minimum time to be served by a person found to be a predatory sexual offender who:
 - (1) Has previously pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of the felony of forcible rape, rape, statutory rape in the first degree, forcible sodomy, sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree, or an attempt to commit any of the preceding crimes and pleads guilty to or is found guilty of the felony of forcible rape, statutory rape in the first degree, forcible sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree or an attempt to commit any of the preceding crimes shall be any number of years but not less than thirty years;
 - (2) Has previously pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of child molestation in the first degree when classified as a class B felony or sexual abuse when classified as a class B felony and pleads guilty to or is found guilty of attempting to commit or committing forcible rape, statutory rape in the first degree, forcible sodomy or statutory sodomy in the first degree shall be any number of years but not less than fifteen years;
 - (3) Has previously pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of the felony of forcible rape, rape, statutory rape in the first degree, forcible sodomy, sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree, or an attempt to commit any of the preceding crimes and pleads guilty to or is found guilty of child molestation in the first degree when classified as a class B felony or sexual abuse when classified as a class B felony shall be any number of years but not less than fifteen years;
 - (4) Has previously pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of child molestation in the first degree when classified as a class B felony or sexual abuse

70 when classified as a class B felony, and pleads guilty to or is found guilty of child

- 71 molestation in the first degree when classified as a class B felony or sexual abuse
- 72 when classified as a class B felony shall be any number of years but not less than
- 73 fifteen years;
- 74 (5) Is found to be a predatory sexual offender pursuant to subdivision (2)
- 75 or (3) of subsection 5 of this section shall be any number of years within the
- 76 range to which the person could have been sentenced pursuant to the applicable
- 77 law if the person was not found to be a predatory sexual offender.
- 78 8. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the department
- 79 of corrections, or any division thereof, may not furlough an individual found to be
- 80 and sentenced as a persistent sexual offender or a predatory sexual offender.
 - 559.100. 1. The circuit courts of this state shall have power, herein
 - 2 provided, to place on probation or to parole persons convicted of any offense over
 - 3 which they have jurisdiction, except as otherwise provided in sections 195.275 to
 - 4 195.296, RSMo, section 558.018, RSMo, section 559.115, section 565.020, RSMo,
 - 5 sections 566.032, 566.062, 566.151, 566.212, and 566.213, RSMo, section
 - 6 571.015, RSMo, and [section 559.115] subsection 3 of section 589.425, RSMo.
 - 7 2. The circuit court shall have the power to revoke the probation or parole
 - 8 previously granted and commit the person to the department of corrections. The
 - 9 circuit court shall determine any conditions of probation or parole for the
- 10 defendant that it deems necessary to ensure the successful completion of the
- 11 probation or parole term, including the extension of any term of supervision for
- 12 any person while on probation or parole. The circuit court may require that the
- 13 defendant pay restitution for his crime. The probation or parole may be revoked
- 14 for failure to pay restitution or for failure to conform his behavior to the
- 15 conditions imposed by the circuit court. The circuit court may, in its discretion,
- 16 credit any period of probation or parole as time served on a sentence.
 - 559.106. 1. Notwithstanding any statutory provision to the contrary,
 - 2 when a court grants probation to an offender who has pleaded guilty to or has
 - 3 been found guilty of an offense in section 566.030, 566.032, 566.060, 566.062,
 - $4 \quad 566.067, \ 566.083, \ 566.100, \ 566.151, \ 566.212, \ \textbf{566.213}, \ 568.020, \ 568.080, \ or$
 - 5 568.090, RSMo, based on an act committed on or after August 28, [2005] **2006**,
 - 3 against a victim who was less than fourteen years old and the offender is a prior
 - sex offender as defined in subsection 2 of this section, the court shall order that
 - 8 the offender be supervised by the board of probation and parole for the duration

- 9 of his or her natural life.
- 2. For the purpose of this section, a prior sex offender is a person who has previously pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of an offense contained in chapter 566, RSMo, or violating section 568.020, RSMo, when the person
- 13 had sexual intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse with the victim,
- 14 or of violating subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 568.045, RSMo.
- 3. The board shall supervise any person who was civilly committed as a sexually violent predator, and released under the provisions of chapter 632, RSMo, on or after August 28, 2006, for the duration of his or her natural life.
- 4. When probation for the duration of the offender's natural life has been ordered, a mandatory condition of such probation is that the offender be electronically monitored. Electronic monitoring shall be based on a global positioning system or other technology that identifies and records the offender's location at all times.
- [4.] 5. In appropriate cases as determined by a risk assessment, the court may terminate the probation of an offender who is being supervised under this section when the offender is sixty-five years of age or older.

566.010. As used in this chapter and chapter 568, RSMo, the following 2 terms mean:

- 3 (1) "Deviate sexual intercourse", any act involving the genitals of one 4 person and the hand, mouth, tongue, or anus of another person or a sexual act 5 involving the penetration, however slight, of the male or female sex organ or the 6 anus by a finger, instrument or object done for the purpose of arousing or 7 gratifying the sexual desire of any person or for the purpose of terrorizing 8 the victim;
- 9 (2) "Sexual conduct", sexual intercourse, deviate sexual intercourse or 10 sexual contact;
- 11 (3) "Sexual contact", any touching of another person with the genitals or 12 any touching of the genitals or anus of another person, or the breast of a female 13 person, or such touching through the clothing, for the purpose of arousing or 14 gratifying sexual desire of any person;
- 15 (4) "Sexual intercourse", any penetration, however slight, of the female sex 16 organ by the male sex organ, whether or not an emission results.
 - 566.030. 1. A person commits the crime of forcible rape if such person has

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2 sexual intercourse with another person by the use of forcible compulsion. Forcible compulsion includes the use of a substance administered without a victim's knowledge or consent which renders the victim physically or mentally impaired so as to be incapable of making an informed consent to sexual intercourse. Any sexual intercourse with a child under the age of twelve shall be deemed to have been committed by use of forcible compulsion.

- 2. Forcible rape or an attempt to commit forcible rape is a felony for which the authorized term of imprisonment is life imprisonment or a term of years not less than five years, unless:
- (1) In the course thereof the actor inflicts serious physical injury or displays a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument in a threatening manner or subjects the victim to sexual intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse with more than one person, in which case the authorized term of imprisonment is life imprisonment or a term of years not less than [ten] fifteen years; or
 - (2) The victim is a child less than twelve years of age, in which case the required term of imprisonment is life imprisonment without eligibility for probation or parole until the defendant has served not less than twenty-five years of such sentence or unless the defendant has reached the age of seventy-five years and has served at least fifteen years of such sentence. Subsection 4 of section 558.019, RSMo, shall not apply to the sentence of a person who has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of forcible rape when the victim is under the age of twelve, and "life imprisonment" shall mean imprisonment for the duration of a person's natural life for the purposes of this section.
- 3. No person found guilty of or pleading guilty to forcible rape or an attempt to commit forcible rape shall be granted a suspended imposition of sentence or suspended execution of sentence.

566.060. 1. A person commits the crime of forcible sodomy if such person has deviate sexual intercourse with another person by the use of forcible compulsion. Forcible compulsion includes the use of a substance administered without a victim's knowledge or consent which renders the victim physically or mentally impaired so as to be incapable of making an informed consent to sexual intercourse. Any deviate sexual intercourse with a child under the age of twelve shall be deemed to have been committed by use of forcible compulsion.

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9 2. Forcible sodomy or an attempt to commit forcible sodomy is a felony for 10 which the authorized term of imprisonment is life imprisonment or a term of 11 years not less than five years, unless:

- (1) In the course thereof the actor inflicts serious physical injury or displays a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument in a threatening manner or subjects the victim to sexual intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse with more than one person, in which case the authorized term of imprisonment is life imprisonment or a term of years not less than ten years; or
- (2) The victim is a child less than twelve years of age, in which case the required term of imprisonment is life imprisonment without eligibility for probation or parole until the defendant has served not less than twenty-five years of such sentence or unless the defendant has reached the age of seventy-five years and has served at least fifteen years of such sentence. Subsection 4 of section 558.019, RSMo, shall not apply to the sentence of a person who has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of forcible sodomy when the victim is under the age of twelve, and "life imprisonment" shall mean imprisonment for the duration of a person's natural life for the purposes of this section.
- 3. No person found guilty of or pleading guilty to forcible sodomy or an attempt to commit forcible sodomy shall be granted a suspended imposition of sentence or suspended execution of sentence.
- 566.067. 1. A person commits the crime of child molestation in the first degree if he or she subjects another person who is less than fourteen years of age to sexual contact.
 - 2. Child molestation in the first degree is a class B felony unless:
- (1) The actor has previously been convicted of an offense under this chapter or in the course thereof the actor inflicts serious physical injury, displays a deadly weapon or deadly instrument in a threatening manner, or the offense is committed as part of a ritual or ceremony, in which case the crime is a class A felony; or
 - (2) The victim is a child less than twelve years of age and:
- 11 (a) The actor has previously been convicted of an offense under 12 this chapter; or
- 13 (b) In the course thereof the actor inflicts serious physical 14 injury, displays a deadly weapon or deadly instrument in a threatening

579, 563, 869, 619, 570, 753, 764, 782, 783 & 890

- 15 manner, or if the offense is committed as part of a ritual or ceremony,
- 16 in which case, the crime is a class A felony and such person shall serve
- 17 his or her term of imprisonment without eligibility for probation or
- 18 parole.
 - 566.083. 1. A person commits the crime of sexual misconduct involving a child if the person:
- 3 (1) Knowingly exposes his or her genitals to a child less than fourteen 4 years of age under circumstances in which he or she knows that his or her 5 conduct is likely to cause affront or alarm to the child;
- 6 (2) Knowingly exposes his or her genitals to a child less than fourteen 7 years of age for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of any 8 person, including the child; or
- 9 (3) Knowingly coerces or induces a child less than fourteen years of age 10 to expose the child's genitals for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual 11 desire of any person, including the child.
- 2. [As used in this section, the term "sexual act" means any of the following, whether performed or engaged in either with any other person or alone: sexual or anal intercourse, masturbation, bestiality, sadism, masochism, fetishism, fellatio, cunnilingus, any other sexual activity or nudity, if such nudity is to be depicted for the purpose of sexual stimulation or gratification of any individual who may view such depiction.
- 3. Violation of this section] The provisions of this section shall apply regardless of whether the person violates the section in person or via the Internet or other electronic means.
- 3. It is not an affirmative defense to prosecution for a violation of this section that the other person was a peace officer masquerading as a minor.
- 4. Sexual misconduct involving a child is a class D felony unless the actor has previously pleaded guilty to or been [convicted] found guilty of an offense pursuant to this chapter or the actor has previously pleaded guilty to or has been convicted of an offense against the laws of another state or jurisdiction which would constitute an offense under this chapter, in which case it is a class C felony.
 - 566.086. 1. A person commits the crime of sexual contact with a student while on public school property if he or she has sexual contact with a student

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3 of the public school while on any public school property and is:

- 4 (1) A teacher, as that term is defined in subdivisions (4), (5), and (7) of section 168.104, RSMo[, and he or she has sexual contact with a student of the public school while on any public school property];
- 7 (2) A student teacher;
 - (3) An employee of the school;
- 9 (4) A volunteer of the school or of an organization working with 10 the school on a project or program; or
- 11 (5) A person employed by an entity that contracts with the public 12 school district to provide services.
- 2. For the purposes of this section, "public school property" shall mean property of any public school in this state serving kindergarten through grade twelve or any school bus used by the public school district.
- 3. Sexual contact with a student while on public school property is a classD felony.
- 566.090. 1. A person commits the crime of sexual misconduct in the first degree if he or she has deviate sexual intercourse with another person of the same sex [or he], purposely subjects another person to sexual contact without that person's consent, or knowingly exposes his or her genitals to another person without consent for the purpose of sexual gratification.
- 2. Sexual misconduct in the first degree is a class A misdemeanor unless the actor has previously been convicted of an offense under this chapter or unless in the course thereof the actor displays a deadly weapon in a threatening manner or the offense is committed as a part of a ritual or ceremony, in which case it is a class D felony.
- 566.140. 1. Any person who has pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of violating the provisions of this chapter and is granted a suspended imposition or execution of sentence or placed under the supervision of the board of probation and parole shall be required to participate in and successfully complete a program of treatment, education and rehabilitation designed for perpetrators of sexual offenses. Persons required to attend a program pursuant to this section may be charged a reasonable fee to cover the costs of such program.
- 8 2. No person who provides assessment services or who makes a report, 9 finding, or recommendation for any probationer to attend any counseling or 10 program of treatment, education or rehabilitation as a condition or requirement

- 11 of probation, following the probationer's plea of guilty to or a finding of guilt of
- 12 violating any provision of this chapter or chapter 565, RSMo, may be related
- 13 within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to any person who has a
- 14 financial interest, whether direct or indirect, in the counseling or program of
- 15 treatment, education or rehabilitation or any financial interest, whether direct
- 16 or indirect, in any private entity which provides the counseling or program of
- 17 treatment, education or rehabilitation. Any person who violates this subsection
- 18 shall thereafter:
- 19 (1) Immediately remit to the state of Missouri any financial income gained
- 20 as a direct or indirect result of the action constituting the violation;
- 21 (2) Be prohibited from providing assessment or counseling services or any
- 22 program of treatment, education or rehabilitation to, for, on behalf of, at the
- 23 direction of, or in contract with the state board of probation and parole or any
- 24 office thereof; and
- 25 (3) Be prohibited from having any financial interest, whether direct or
- 26 indirect, in any private entity which provides assessment or counseling services
- 27 or any program of treatment, education or rehabilitation to, for, on behalf of, at
- 28 the direction of, or in contract with the state board of probation and parole or any
- 29 office thereof.
- 30 [3. The provisions of subsection 2 of this section shall not apply when the
- 31 department of corrections has identified only one qualified service provider within
- 32 reasonably accessible distance from the offender or when the only providers
- 33 available within a reasonable distance are related within the third degree of
- 34 consanguinity or affinity to any person who has a financial interest in the service
- 35 provider.]
 - 566.145. 1. A person commits the crime of sexual contact with [an
- 2 inmate] a prisoner or offender if:
- 3 (1) Such person is an employee of, or assigned to work in, any jail, prison
- 4 or correctional facility and such person has sexual intercourse or deviate sexual
- 5 intercourse with [an inmate or resident of the facility] a prisoner or offender;
- 6 **or**
- 7 (2) Such person is a probation and parole officer and has sexual
- 8 intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse with an offender who is
- 9 under the direct supervision of the officer.
- 2. For the purposes of this section, "prisoner" includes any

- 11 person in the custody of a jail, whether pre-trial or after disposition of
- 12 a charge. "Offender" includes any person who is in the custody of a
- 13 prison or correctional facility or any person who is under the
- 14 supervision of the state board of probation and parole.
- 15 [2.] 3. Sexual contact with [an inmate] a prisoner or offender is a
- 16 class D felony.

- 17 [3. The victim's] 4. Consent of a prisoner or offender is not an
- 18 affirmative defense.
 - 566.151. 1. A person at least twenty-one years of age or older commits the
 - 2 crime of enticement of a child if that person persuades, solicits, coaxes, entices,
 - 3 or lures whether by words, actions or through communication via the Internet or
- 4 any electronic communication, any person who is less than fifteen years of age for
- 5 the purpose of engaging in sexual conduct with a child.
- 6 2. It is not an affirmative defense to a prosecution for a violation of this
 - section that the other person was a peace officer masquerading as a minor.
- 8 3. [Attempting to entice a child is a class D felony.
- 9 4.] Enticement of a child or an attempt to commit enticement of a
- 10 child is a [class C felony unless the person has previously pled guilty to or been
- 11 found guilty of violating the provisions of this section, section 568.045, 568.050,
- 12 or 568.060, RSMo, or this chapter, in which case it is a class B felony for
- 13 which the authorized term of imprisonment shall be not less than five
 - 4 years and not more than thirty years. No person convicted under this
- 15 section shall be eligible for parole, probation, conditional release, or
- 16 suspended imposition or execution of sentence for a period of five
- 17 calendar years.
 - 566.213. 1. A person commits the crime of sexual trafficking of
- 2 a child under the age of twelve if the individual knowingly:
- 3 (1) Recruits, entices, harbors, transports, provides, or obtains by
- 4 any means a person under the age of twelve to participate in a
- 5 commercial sex act or benefits, financially or by receiving anything of
- 6 value, from participation in such activities; or
- 7 (2) Causes a person under the age of twelve to engage in a
- 8 commercial sex act.
- 9 2. It shall not be an affirmative defense that the defendant
- 10 believed that the person was twelve years of age or older.

3. Sexual trafficking of a child less than twelve years of age shall be a felony for which the authorized term of imprisonment is life imprisonment without eligibility for probation or parole until the defendant has served not less than twenty-five years of such sentence. Subsection 4 of section 558.019, RSMo, shall not apply to the sentence of a person who has pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of sexual trafficking of a child less than twelve years of age, and "life imprisonment" shall mean imprisonment for the duration of a person's natural life for the purposes of this section.

573.010. As used in this chapter the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Child", any person under the age of fourteen;
- 3 (2) "Child pornography"[,]:
- (a) Any obscene material or performance depicting sexual conduct, sexual
 contact, or a sexual performance, as these terms are defined in section 556.061,
 RSMo, and which has as one of its participants or portrays as an observer of such
 conduct, contact, or performance a [child] minor under the age of eighteen; or
- 8 (b) Any visual depiction, including any photograph, film, video,
 9 picture, or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether
 10 made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of
 11 sexually explicit conduct where:
- a. The production of such visual depiction involves the use of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct;
- b. Such visual depiction is a digital image, computer image, or
 computer-generated image that is, or is indistinguishable from, that of
 a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct; or
- 17 c. Such visual depiction has been created, adapted, or modified 18 to appear that an identifiable minor is engaging in sexually explicit 19 conduct;
- 20 (3) "Displays publicly", exposing, placing, posting, exhibiting, or in any fashion displaying in any location, whether public or private, an item in such a manner that it may be readily seen and its content or character distinguished by normal unaided vision viewing it from a street, highway or public sidewalk, or from the property of others or from any portion of the person's store, or the exhibitor's store or property when items and material other than this material are offered for sale or rent to the public;

- 27 (4) "Explicit sexual material", any pictorial or three dimensional material depicting human masturbation, deviate sexual intercourse, sexual intercourse,
- 29 direct physical stimulation or unclothed genitals, sadomasochistic abuse, or
- 30 emphasizing the depiction of postpubertal human genitals; provided, however,
- 31 that works of art or of anthropological significance shall not be deemed to be
- 32 within the foregoing definition;
- 33 (5) "Furnish", to issue, sell, give, provide, lend, mail, deliver, transfer, circulate, disseminate, present, exhibit or otherwise provide;
- 35 (6) "Graphic", when used with respect to a depiction of sexually 36 explicit conduct, that a viewer can observe any part of the genitals or 37 pubic area of any depicted person or animal during any part of the 38 time that the sexually explicit conduct is being depicted;
 - (7) "Identifiable minor":
- 40 (a) A person:

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- a. (i) Who was a minor at the time the visual depiction was created, adapted, or modified; or
- 43 (ii) Whose image as a minor was used in creating, adapting, or 44 modifying the visual depiction; and
- b. Who is recognizable as an actual person by the person's face, likeness, or other distinguishing characteristic, such as a unique birthmark or other recognizable feature; and
- 48 (b) The term shall not be construed to require proof of the actual 49 identity of the identifiable minor;
 - (8) "Indistinguishable", when used with respect to a depiction, virtually indistinguishable, in that the depiction is such that an ordinary person viewing the depiction would conclude that the depiction is of an actual minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct. Indistinguishable does not apply to depictions that are drawings, cartoons, sculptures, or paintings depicting minors or adults;
- (9) "Material", anything printed or written, or any picture, drawing, photograph, motion picture film, videotape or videotape production, or pictorial representation, or any recording or transcription, or any mechanical, chemical, or electrical reproduction, or stored computer data, or anything which is or may be used as a means of communication. "Material" includes undeveloped photographs, molds, printing plates, stored computer data and other latent

- 62 representational objects;
- [(7)] (10) "Minor", any person under the age of eighteen;
- [(8)] (11) "Nudity", the showing of postpubertal human genitals or pubic area, with less than a fully opaque covering;
- 66 [(9)] (12) "Obscene", any material or performance is obscene if, taken as 67 a whole:
- 68 (a) Applying contemporary community standards, its predominant appeal 69 is to prurient interest in sex; and
- 70 (b) The average person, applying contemporary community standards, 71 would find the material depicts or describes sexual conduct in a patently offensive 72 way; and
- 73 (c) A reasonable person would find the material lacks serious literary, 74 artistic, political or scientific value;
- 75 [(10)] (13) "Performance", any play, motion picture film, videotape, dance 76 or exhibition performed before an audience of one or more;
- 77 [(11)] (14) "Pornographic for minors", any material or performance is 78 pornographic for minors if the following apply:
- 79 (a) The average person, applying contemporary community standards, 80 would find that the material or performance, taken as a whole, has a tendency to 81 cater or appeal to a prurient interest of minors; and
- 82 (b) The material or performance depicts or describes nudity, sexual 83 conduct, sexual excitement, or sadomasochistic abuse in a way which is patently 84 offensive to the average person applying contemporary adult community 85 standards with respect to what is suitable for minors; and
- 86 (c) The material or performance, taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, 87 artistic, political, or scientific value for minors;
- [(12)] (15) "Promote", to manufacture, issue, sell, provide, mail, deliver, transfer, transmute, publish, distribute, circulate, disseminate, present, exhibit, or advertise, or to offer or agree to do the same, by any means including a computer;
- 92 [(13)] (16) "Sadomasochistic abuse", flagellation or torture by or upon a 93 person as an act of sexual stimulation or gratification;
- 94 [(14)] (17) "Sexual conduct", actual or simulated, normal
- 95 or perverted acts of human masturbation; deviate sexual intercourse; sexual 96 intercourse; or physical contact with a person's clothed or unclothed genitals,

- 97 pubic area, buttocks, or the breast of a female in an act of apparent sexual
- 98 stimulation or gratification or any sadomasochistic abuse or acts including
- 99 animals or any latent objects in an act of apparent sexual stimulation or
- 100 gratification;
- 101 (18) "Sexually explicit conduct", actual or simulated:
- 102 (a) Sexual intercourse, including genital-genital, oral-genital, 103 anal-genital, or oral-anal, whether between persons of the same or 104 opposite sex:
- 105 (b) Bestiality;
- 106 (c) Masturbation:
- 107 (d) Sadistic or masochistic abuse; or
- 108 (e) Lascivious exhibition of the genitals or pubic area of any 109 person;
- [(15)] (19) "Sexual excitement", the condition of human male or female genitals when in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal;
- 112 (20) "Visual depiction", includes undeveloped film and videotape, 113 and data stored on computer disk or by electronic means which is 114 capable of conversion into a visual image;
- [(16)] (21) "Wholesale promote", to manufacture, issue, sell, provide, mail, deliver, transfer, transmute, publish, distribute, circulate, disseminate, or to offer or agree to do the same for purposes of resale or redistribution.
 - 575.195. 1. A person commits the crime of escape from commitment or
 - 2 detention if he or she has been committed to a state mental hospital under the
 - 3 provisions of sections 552.010 to 552.080, RSMo, or [of] sections 632.480 to
 - 4 632.513, RSMo, or has been ordered to be taken into custody, detained, or held
 - 5 pursuant to sections 632.480 to 632.513, RSMo, or as provided by section
 - 6 632.475, RSMo, has been committed to the department of mental health
 - 7 as a criminal sexual psychopath under statutes in effect before August
 - 8 13, 1980, and he or she escapes from such commitment or detention.
 - 9 2. Escape from commitment or detention is a class D felony.
 - 589.400. 1. Sections 589.400 to 589.425 shall apply to:
 - 2 (1) Any person who, since July 1, 1979, has been or is hereafter convicted
 - 3 of, been found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, or
 - 4 attempting to commit, a felony offense of chapter 566, RSMo, including sexual
 - 5 trafficking of a child and sexual trafficking of a child under the age of

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6 twelve, or any offense of chapter 566, RSMo, where the victim is a minor; or

- (2) Any person who, since July 1, 1979, has been or is hereafter convicted 7 of, been found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, or attempting to commit one or more of the following offenses: kidnapping[, 10 pursuant to section 565.110, RSMo] when the victim is a child and the defendant is not a parent or guardian of the child; felonious restraint 11 12 when the victim was a child and the defendant is not a parent or guardian of the child; sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a 13 resident of a nursing home, under section 565.200, RSMo; endangering the welfare of a child under section 568.045, RSMo, when the 15 endangerment is sexual in nature; genital mutilation of a female child, 16 under section 568.065, RSMo; promoting prostitution in the first degree; 17 18 promoting prostitution in the second degree; promoting prostitution in the third 19 degree; sexual exploitation of a minor; promoting child pornography in the first 20 degree; promoting child pornography in the second degree; possession of child 21pornography; furnishing pornographic material to minors; public display of 22explicit sexual material; coercing acceptance of obscene material; promoting 23obscenity in the first degree; promoting pornography for minors or obscenity in the second degree; incest; abuse of a child, pursuant to section 568.060, RSMo, 2425when the abuse is sexual in nature; use of a child in a sexual performance; 26 or promoting sexual performance by a child; and committed or attempted to 27commit the offense against a victim who is a minor, defined for the purposes of 28 sections 589.400 to 589.425 as a person under eighteen years of age; or
 - (3) Any person who, since July 1, 1979, has been committed to the department of mental health as a criminal sexual psychopath; or
- 31 (4) Any person who, since July 1, 1979, has been found not guilty as a 32 result of mental disease or defect of any offense listed in subdivision (1) or (2) of 33 this subsection; or
- 34 (5) Any person who is a resident of this state who has, since July 1, 1979, 35 or is hereafter convicted of, been found guilty of, or pled guilty to or nolo 36 contendere in any other state, foreign country, or under federal or military 37 jurisdiction to committing, or attempting to commit, an offense which, if 38 committed in this state, would be a violation of chapter 566, RSMo, or a felony 39 violation of any offense listed in subdivision (2) of this subsection or has been or 40 is required to register in another state or has been or is required to register

- 41 under federal or military law; or
- 42 (6) Any person who has been or is required to register in another state or 43 has been or is required to register under federal or military law and who works 44 or attends school or training on a full-time or on a part-time basis in 45. Missouri "Port time" in this subdivision means for more than fourteen days in
- 45 Missouri. "Part-time" in this subdivision means for more than fourteen days in
- 46 any twelve-month period.
- 2. Any person to whom sections 589.400 to 589.425 apply shall, within ten days of conviction, release from incarceration, or placement upon probation,
- 49 register with the chief law enforcement official of the county or city not within
- 50 a county in which such person resides unless such person has already registered
- 51 in that county for the same offense. Any person to whom sections 589.400 to
- 52 589.425 apply if not currently registered in their county of residence shall
- 53 register with the chief law enforcement official of such county or city not
- 54 within a county within ten days of August 28, 2003. The chief law enforcement
- official shall forward a copy of the registration form required by section 589.407
- 56 to a city, town, village, or campus law enforcement agency located within the
- 57 county of the chief law enforcement official, if so requested. Such request may
- 58 ask the chief law enforcement official to forward copies of all registration forms
- 59 filed with such official. The chief law enforcement official may forward a copy of
- 60 such registration form to any city, town, village, or campus law enforcement
- 61 agency, if so requested.

- 3. The registration requirements of sections 589.400 through 589.425 are lifetime registration requirements unless:
- 64 (1) All offenses requiring registration are reversed, vacated or set aside 65 [or unless];
 - (2) The registrant is pardoned of the offenses requiring registration;
- 67 (3) The registrant is no longer required to register and his or her 68 name shall be removed from the registry under the provisions of 69 subsection 6 of this section; or
- 70 (4) The registrant may petition the court for removal from the 71 registry under subsection 7 of this section and the court orders the 72 removal of such person from the registry.
- 4. For processing an initial sex offender registration the chief law enforcement officer of the county may charge the offender registering a fee of up to ten dollars.

- 5. For processing any change in registration required pursuant to section 589.414 the chief law enforcement official of the county may charge the person changing their registration a fee of five dollars for each change made after the initial registration.
- 6. Effective August 28, 2006, any person currently on the sexual offender registry for being convicted of, found guilty of, or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to, committing felonious restraint when the victim was a child and he or she was the parent or guardian of the child, non-sexual child abuse that was committed under section 568.060, RSMo, or kidnapping when the victim was a child and he or she was the parent or guardian of the child, shall be removed from the registry. However, such person shall remain on the sexual offender registry for any other offense for which he or she is required to register under sections 589.400 to 589.425.
 - offender registry for having been convicted of, found guilty of, or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, promoting prostitution in the second degree, promoting prostitution in the third degree, public display of explicit sexual material, or statutory rape in the second degree, may petition the sentencing court for removal of his or her name from the sexual offender registry after ten years have passed from the date he or she was required to register. The court may order such individual's name removed from the registry if the individual has no pending charges for an offense for which he or she would have to register if found guilty of, or pleaded guilty to, the offense. In addition, such person must not have been found guilty of or pleaded guilty to any other offense for which he or she is required to register during the tenyear period from the date he or she was required to register.
 - 8. Any person whose name is removed from the sexual offender registry under subsections 6 or 7 of this section shall no longer be required to fulfill the registration requirements of sections 589.400 to 589.475, unless such person is required to register for committing another offense after being removed from the registry.
 - 589.402. 1. The chief law enforcement officer of the county or city not within a county may maintain a web page on the Internet, which shall be open

- 3 to the public and shall include a registered sexual offender search capability.
- 4 2. The registered sexual offender search shall make it possible for any
- 5 person using the Internet to search for and find the information specified in
- 6 [subdivisions (1) to (4) of] subsection 3 of this section, if known, on offenders
- 7 registered in this state pursuant to sections 589.400 to 589.425, except that only
- 8 persons who have been convicted of, found guilty of, or plead guilty to committing
- 9 or attempting to commit sexual offenses shall be included on this web site.
- 3. Only the information listed in [subdivisions (1) to (4) of] this subsection shall be provided to the public in the registered sexual offender search:
- 12 (1) The name and any known aliases of the offender;
- 13 (2) The date of birth and any known alias dates of birth of the 14 offender;
 - (3) A physical description of the offender;
- 16 (4) The [last known address] residence, temporary, work, and school
 17 addresses of the offender, including the street address, city, county, state, and
 18 zip code;
- 19 [(3) A photograph] (5) Any photographs of the offender; [and
- 20 (4) The crime or crimes for which the offender was convicted that caused 21 him or her to have to register.]
- 22 (6) A physical description of the offender's vehicles, including 23 the year, make, model, color, and license plate number;
- 24 (7) The nature and dates of all offenses qualifying the offender 25 to register;
- 26 (8) The date on which the offender was released from the 27 department of mental health, prison, or jail, or placed on parole, 28 supervised release, or probation for the offenses qualifying the offender 29 to register; and
- 30 (9) Compliance status of the offender with the provisions of 31 section 589.400 to 589.425.
- 4. The chief law enforcement officer of any county or city not within a county may publish in any newspaper distributed in the county or city not within a county the sexual offender information provided under subsection 3 of this section for any offender residing in the county or city not within a county.
 - 589.407. 1. Any registration pursuant to sections 589.400 to 589.425 shall

2 consist of completion of an offender registration form developed by the Missouri

3 state highway patrol. Such form shall include, but is not limited to the following:

- 4 (1) A statement in writing signed by the person, giving the name, address,
- 5 Social Security number and phone number of the person, the license plate
- 6 number and vehicle description, including the year, make, model, and
- 7 color to each vehicle owned or operated by the offender, the place of
- 8 employment of such person, enrollment within any institutions of higher
- 9 education, the crime which requires registration, whether the person was
- 10 sentenced as a persistent or predatory offender pursuant to section 558.018,
- 11 RSMo, the date, place, and a brief description of such crime, the date and place
- 12 of the conviction or plea regarding such crime, the age and gender of the victim
- 13 at the time of the offense and whether the person successfully completed the
- 14 Missouri sexual offender program pursuant to section 589.040, if applicable; and
- 15 (2) The fingerprints and a photograph of the person.
- 2. The offender shall provide positive identification and
- 17 documentation to substantiate the accuracy of the information
- 18 completed on the offender registration form, including but not limited
- 19 to the following:
- 20 (1) A photocopy of a valid driver's license or non-driver's
- 21 identification card;
- 22 (2) A document verifying proof of the offender's residency; and
- 23 (3) A photocopy of the vehicle registration for each of the
- 24 offender's vehicles.
 - 589.414. 1. If any person required by sections 589.400 to 589.425 to
 - 2 register changes residence or address within the same county or city not within
- 3 a county as such person's previous address, the person shall inform the chief law
- 4 enforcement official in writing within ten days of such new address and phone
- 5 number, if the phone number is also changed.
- 6 2. If any person required by sections 589.400 to 589.425 to register
- 7 changes such person's residence or address to a different county, the person shall
- 8 appear in person and shall inform both the chief law enforcement official with
- 9 whom the person last registered and the chief law enforcement official of the
- 0 county or city not within a county having jurisdiction over the new residence
- 11 or address in writing within ten days of such new address and phone number, if
- 12 the phone number is also changed. If any person required by sections 589.400 to

- 13 589.425 to register changes their state of residence, the person shall appear in
- 14 person and shall inform both the chief law enforcement official with whom the
- 15 person was last registered and the chief law enforcement official of the area in
- 16 the new state having jurisdiction over the new residence or address within ten
- 17 days of such new address. Whenever a registrant changes residence, the chief
- 18 law enforcement official of the county or city not within a county where the
- 19 person was previously registered shall promptly inform the Missouri state
- 20 highway patrol of the change. When the registrant is changing the residence to
- 21 a new state, the Missouri state highway patrol shall promptly inform the
- 22 responsible official in the new state of residence.
- 3. Any person required by sections 589.400 to 589.425 to register who
- 24 changes his or her enrollment or employment status with any institution of
- 25 higher education within this state, by either beginning or ending such enrollment
- 26 or employment, shall inform the chief law enforcement officer of such change
- 27 within seven days after such change is made.
- 4. Any person required by sections 589.400 to 589.425 to register who
- 29 officially changes such person's name shall inform the chief law enforcement
- 30 officer of such name change within seven days after such change is made.
- 31 5. In addition to the requirements of subsections 1 and 2 of this section,
- 32 the following offenders shall report in person to the [county] chief law
- 33 enforcement agency every ninety days to verify the information contained in their
- 34 statement made pursuant to section 589.407:
- 35 (1) Any offender registered as a predatory or persistent sexual offender
- 36 under the definitions found in section 558.018, RSMo;
- 37 (2) Any offender who is registered for a crime where the victim was less
- 38 than eighteen years of age at the time of the offense; and
- 39 (3) Any offender who has pled guilty or been found guilty pursuant to
- 40 section 589.425 of failing to register or submitting false information when
- 41 registering.
- 42 6. In addition to the requirements of subsections 1 and 2 of this section,
- 43 all registrants shall report annually in person in the month of their birth to the
- 44 county law enforcement agency to verify the information contained in their
- 45 statement made pursuant to section 589.407. All registrants shall provide an
- 46 updated photograph of himself or herself every five years when
- 47 reporting annually to the county law enforcement agency.

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- 7. In addition to the requirements of subsections 1 and 2 of this section, all Missouri registrants who work or attend school or training on a full-time or part-time basis in any other state shall be required to report in person to the chief law enforcement officer in the area of the state where they work or attend school or training and register in that state. "Part-time" in this subsection means for more than fourteen days in any twelve-month period.
 - 589.425. 1. [Any person who is required to register pursuant to sections 589.400 to 589.425 and does not meet all requirements of sections 589.400 to 589.425 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, unless the person has been convicted pursuant to chapter 566 of an unclassified felony, class A felony, class B felony, or any felony involving a child under the age of fourteen, in which case the person is guilty of a class D felony.
- 7 2. Any person who commits a second or subsequent violation of subsection 1 of this section is guilty of a class D felony, unless the person has been convicted 9 pursuant to chapter 566 of an unclassified felony, class A felony, class B felony, or any felony involving a child under the age of fourteen, in which case the person is guilty of a class C felony.] A person commits the crime of failing to register as a sex offender when the person is required to register under 12 sections 589.400 to 589.425 and fails to comply with any requirement of 13 sections 589.400 to 589.425. Failing to register as a sex offender is a 14 class A misdemeanor unless the person is required to register based on 15having committed an offense in chapter 566, RSMo, which was an unclassified felony, a class A or B felony, or a felony involving a child 17 under the age of fourteen, in which case it is a class D felony. 18
 - 2. A person commits the crime of failing to register as a sex offender as a second offense by failing to comply with any requirement of sections 589.400 to 589.425 and he or she has previously pled guilty to or has previously been found guilty of failing to register as a sex offender. Failing to register as a sex offender as a second offense is a class D felony unless the person is required to register based on having committed an offense in chapter 566, RSMo, which was an unclassified felony, a class A or B felony, or a felony involving a child under the age of fourteen, in which case it is a class C felony.
- 3. A person commits the crime of failing to register as a sex offender as a third offense by failing to meet the requirements of

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30 sections 589.400 to 589.425 and he or she has, on two or more occasions,

- 31 previously pled guilty to or has previously been found guilty of failing
- 32 to register as a sex offender. Failing to register as a sex offender as a
- 33 third offense is a felony which shall be punished by a term of
- 34 imprisonment of not less than ten years and not more than thirty years.
- 35 (1) No court may suspend the imposition or execution of sentence
- 36 of a person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of failing to register
- 37 as a sex offender as a third offense. No court may sentence such person
- 38 to pay a fine in lieu of a term of imprisonment.
- 39 (2) A person sentenced under this subsection shall not be eligible
- 40 for conditional release or parole until he or she has served at least two
- 41 years of imprisonment.
- 42 (3) Upon release, an offender who has committed failing to
- 43 register as a sex offender as a third offense shall be electronically
- 44 monitored as a mandatory condition of supervision. Electronic
- 45 monitoring may be based on a global positioning system or any other
- 46 technology which identifies and records the offender's location at all
- 47 times.
 - 632.480. As used in sections 632.480 to 632.513, the following terms
 - 2 mean:
- 3 (1) "Agency with jurisdiction", the department of corrections or the
 - department of mental health;
- 5 (2) "Mental abnormality", a congenital or acquired condition affecting the
- 6 emotional or volitional capacity which predisposes the person to commit sexually
- 7 violent offenses in a degree constituting such person a menace to the health and
- 8 safety of others;
- 9 (3) "Predatory", acts directed towards individuals, including family
- 10 members, for the primary purpose of victimization;
- 11 (4) "Sexually violent offense"[, the felonies of]:
- 12 (a) Forcible rape, rape, statutory rape in the first degree, forcible sodomy,
- 13 sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree, child kidnapping, or an attempt
- 14 to commit any of the preceding crimes, or child molestation in the first or second
- 15 degree, sexual abuse, sexual assault, deviate sexual assault, or [the act of] abuse
- 16 of a child as defined in subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 568.060, RSMo,
- 17 which involves sexual contact, and as defined in subdivision (2) of subsection 1

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18 of section 568.060, RSMo; and

19 **(b)** Any other felony which was sexually motivated as determined 20 in a proceeding under section 632.492;

- 21 (5) "Sexually violent predator", any person who suffers from a mental 22 abnormality which makes the person more likely than not to engage in predatory 23 acts of sexual violence if not confined in a secure facility and who:
- 24 (a) Has pled guilty or been found guilty, or been found not guilty by 25 reason of mental disease or defect pursuant to section 552.030, RSMo, of a 26 sexually violent offense; or
- 27 (b) Has been committed as a criminal sexual psychopath pursuant to section 632.475 and statutes in effect before August 13, 1980.
 - 632.484. 1. When the attorney general receives written notice from any law enforcement agency that a person, who has pled guilty to or been convicted of a sexually violent offense and who is not presently in the physical custody of an agency with jurisdiction:
- 5 (1) Has committed a recent overt act; or
- (2) Has been in the custody of an agency with jurisdiction within the 6 preceding ten years and may meet the criteria of a sexually violent predator; 7 the attorney general may file a petition for detention and evaluation with the 9 probate division of the court in which the person was convicted, or committed pursuant to chapter 552, RSMo, alleging the respondent may meet the definition 10 of a sexually violent predator and should be detained for evaluation for a period 11 of up to nine days. The written notice shall include the previous conviction 1213 record of the person, a description of the recent overt act, if applicable, and any other evidence which tends to show the person to be a sexually violent 14 predator. The attorney general shall provide notice of the petition to the 15 prosecuting attorney of the county where the petition was filed. 16
 - 2. Upon a determination by the court that the person may meet the definition of a sexually violent predator, the court shall order the detention and transport of such person to a secure facility to be determined by the department of mental health **under provisions of section 632.495**. The attorney general shall immediately give written notice of such to the department of mental health.
- 3. Upon receiving physical custody of the person and written notice pursuant to subsection 2 of this section, the department of mental health shall, through either a psychiatrist or psychologist as defined in section 632.005, make

- 25a determination whether or not the person meets the definition of a sexually 26 violent predator. The department of mental health shall, within seven days of receiving physical custody of the person, provide the attorney general with a 2728 written report of the results of its investigation and evaluation. The attorney 29 general shall provide any available records of the person that are retained by the department of corrections to the department of mental health for the purposes of 30 this section. If the department of mental health is unable to make a 31 determination within seven days, the attorney general may request an additional 33 detention of ninety-six hours from the court for good cause shown.
- 34 4. If the department determines that the person may meet the definition 35 of a sexually violent predator, the attorney general shall provide the results of the 36 investigation and evaluation to the prosecutors' review committee. The prosecutors' review committee shall, by majority vote, determine whether or not 37 the person meets the definition of a sexually violent predator within twenty-four 38 hours of written notice from the attorney general's office. If the prosecutors' 39 review committee determines that the person meets the definition of a sexually 40 violent predator, the prosecutors' review committee shall provide written notice 41 to the attorney general of its determination. The attorney general may file a 42petition pursuant to section 632.486 within forty-eight hours after obtaining the 43 results from the department. 44
- 5. For the purposes of this section "recent overt act" means any act that creates a reasonable apprehension of harm of a sexually violent nature.
- 6. The provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section shall expire December 31, 2001.
- 632.489. 1. Upon filing a petition pursuant to section 632.484 or 632.486, the judge shall determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the person named in the petition is a sexually violent predator. If such probable cause determination is made, the judge shall direct that person be taken into custody and direct that the person be transferred to an appropriate secure facility, including, but not limited to, a county jail. If the person is ordered to the department of mental health, the director of the department of mental health shall determine the appropriate secure facility to house the person under the provisions of section 632.495.
- 2. Within seventy-two hours after a person is taken into custody pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays,

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such person shall be provided with notice of, and an opportunity to appear in person at, a hearing to contest probable cause as to whether the detained person is a sexually violent predator. At this hearing the court shall:

- (1) Verify the detainee's identity; and
- (2) Determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the person is a sexually violent predator. The state may rely upon the petition and supplement the petition with additional documentary evidence or live testimony.
- 3. At the probable cause hearing as provided in subsection 2 of this section, the detained person shall have the following rights in addition to the rights previously specified:
 - (1) To be represented by counsel;
- 23 (2) To present evidence on such person's behalf;
- 24 (3) To cross-examine witnesses who testify against such person; and
- 25 (4) To view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file, including 26 the assessment of the multidisciplinary team.
 - 4. If the probable cause determination is made, the court shall direct that the person be transferred to an appropriate secure facility, including, but not limited to, a county jail, for an evaluation as to whether the person is a sexually violent predator. If the person is ordered to the department of mental health, the director of the department of mental health shall determine the appropriate secure facility to house the person. The court shall direct the director of the department of mental health to have the person examined by a psychiatrist or psychologist as defined in section 632.005 who was not a member of the multidisciplinary team that previously reviewed the person's records. In addition, such person may be examined by a consenting psychiatrist or psychologist of the person's choice at the person's own expense. Any examination shall be conducted in the facility in which the person is confined. Any examinations ordered shall be made at such time and under such conditions as the court deems proper; except that, if the order directs the director of the department of mental health to have the person examined, the director shall determine the time, place and conditions under which the examination shall be conducted. The psychiatrist or psychologist conducting such an examination shall be authorized to interview family and associates of the person being examined, as well as victims and witnesses of the person's offense or offenses, for use in the examination unless the court for good cause orders otherwise. The psychiatrist or psychologist shall have

- 47 access to all materials provided to and considered by the multidisciplinary team
- 48 and to any police reports related to sexual offenses committed by the person being
- 49 examined. Any examination performed pursuant to this section shall be
- 50 completed and filed with the court within sixty days of the date the order is
- 51 received by the director or other evaluator unless the court for good cause orders
- 52 otherwise. One examination shall be provided at no charge by the department.
- 53 All costs of any subsequent evaluations shall be assessed to the party requesting
- 54 the evaluation.
 - 632.492. 1. Within sixty days after the completion of any examination
 - held pursuant to section 632.489, the court shall conduct a trial to determine
 - B whether the person is a sexually violent predator. The trial may be continued
 - 4 upon the request of either party and a showing of good cause, or by the court on
- 5 its own motion in the due administration of justice, and when the respondent will
- 6 not be substantially prejudiced.
- 7 2. At all stages of the proceedings pursuant to sections 632.480 to
- 8 632.513, any person subject to sections 632.480 to 632.513 shall be entitled to the
- 9 assistance of counsel, and if the person is indigent, the court shall appoint
- 10 counsel to assist such person.
- 11 3. The person, the attorney general, or the judge shall have the right to
- 12 demand that the trial be before a jury. If the trial is held before a jury, the judge
- 13 shall instruct the jury that if it finds that the person is a sexually violent
- 14 predator, the person shall be committed to the custody of the director of the
- 15 department of mental health for control, care and treatment. If no demand for
- 16 a jury is made, the trial shall be before the court. The court shall conduct all
- 17 trials pursuant to this section in open court, except as otherwise provided for by
- 18 the child victim witness protection law pursuant to sections 491.675 to 491.705,
- 19 RSMo.
- 4. If the petition filed under sections 632.484 or 632.486 alleges
- 21 that the person committed a sexually violent offense as defined in
- 22 section 632.480, the attorney general is required to prove by clear and
- 23 convincing evidence that the offense was sexually motivated. For the
- 24 purpose of this subsection, "sexually motivated" means one of the
- 25 purposes for which the person committed the crime was to arouse or
- 26 gratify the sexual desire of any person.
 - 632.495. 1. The court or jury shall determine whether, [beyond a

- reasonable doubt] by clear and convincing evidence, the person is a sexually violent predator. If such determination that the person is a sexually violent predator is made by a jury, such determination shall be by unanimous verdict of
- such jury. Any determination as to whether a person is a sexually violent
- 6 predator may be appealed.

- 7 2. If the court or jury determines that the person is a sexually violent predator, the person shall be committed to the custody of the director of the department of mental health for control, care and treatment until such time as the person's mental abnormality has so changed that the person is safe to be at 10 large. Such control, care and treatment shall be provided by the department of 11 12 mental health.
- 13 3. At all times, persons ordered to the department of mental health after a determination by the court that such persons may meet 14 the definition of a sexually violent predator, persons ordered to the 15 department of mental health after a finding of probable cause under 16 section 632.489, and persons committed for control, care and treatment by the 17department of mental health pursuant to sections 632.480 to 632.513 shall be 18 kept in a secure facility designated by the director of the department of mental 19 health and such persons shall be segregated at all times from any other patient 20 21under the supervision of the director of the department of mental health. The 22department of mental health shall not place or house [an offender determined to 23be a sexually violent predator] a person ordered to the department of mental health after a determination by the court that such person may 2425meet the definition of a sexually violent predator, a person ordered to the department of mental health after a finding of probable cause 26 27under section 632.489, or a person committed for control, care, and 28treatment by the department of mental health, pursuant to sections 29 632.480 to 632.513, with other mental health patients who have not been 30 determined to be sexually violent predators. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a person who has been conditionally 31 32 released under section 632.505.
- 4. The department of mental health is authorized to enter into an 34interagency agreement with the department of corrections for the confinement of such persons. Such persons who are in the confinement of the department of corrections pursuant to an interagency agreement shall be housed and managed 36

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- 37 separately from offenders in the custody of the department of corrections, and 38 except for occasional instances of supervised incidental contact, shall be 39 segregated from such offenders.
 - 5. If the court or jury is not satisfied [beyond a reasonable doubt] by clear and convincing evidence that the person is a sexually violent predator, the court shall direct the person's release.
- 6. Upon a mistrial, the court shall direct that the person be held at an appropriate secure facility, including, but not limited to, a county jail, until another trial is conducted. If the person is ordered to the department of mental health, the director of the department of mental health shall determine the appropriate secure facility to house the person. Any subsequent trial following a mistrial shall be held within ninety days of the previous trial, unless such subsequent trial is continued as provided in section 632.492.
- 632.498. 1. Each person committed pursuant to sections 632.480 to 632.513 shall have a current examination of the person's mental condition made once every year by the director of the department of mental health or designee. The yearly report shall be provided to the court that committed the person pursuant to sections 632.480 to 632.513. The court shall conduct an annual review of the status of the committed person. The court shall not conduct an annual review of a person's status if he or she has been conditionally released.
- 2. Nothing contained in sections 632.480 to 632.513 shall prohibit the person from otherwise petitioning the court for [discharge] release. The director of the department of mental health shall provide the committed person with an annual written notice of the person's right to petition the court for release over the director's objection. The notice shall contain a waiver of rights. The director shall forward the notice and waiver form to the court with the annual report.
- 3. The committed person shall have a right to have an attorney represent the person at the hearing but the person is not entitled to be present at the hearing. If the court at the hearing determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the person no longer suffers from a mental abnormality that makes the person likely to engage in acts of sexual violence if [discharged] release, then the court shall set a [hearing] trial on the issue. [At the hearing, the]
- 21 4. The trial shall be governed by the following provisions:
 - (1) The committed person shall be entitled to be present and entitled to

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the benefit of all constitutional protections that were afforded the person at the initial commitment proceeding[.];

- (2) The attorney general shall represent the state and shall have a right to a jury trial and to have the committed person evaluated by a psychiatrist or psychologist not employed by the department of mental health or the department of corrections. In addition, the person may be examined by a consenting psychiatrist or psychologist of the person's choice at the person's own expense[.];
- (3) The burden of proof at the trial shall be upon the state to prove [beyond a reasonable doubt] by clear and convincing evidence that the committed person's mental abnormality remains such that the person is not safe to be at large and if released is likely to engage in acts of sexual violence. If such determination is made by a jury, the verdict must be unanimous;
 - (4) If the court or jury finds that the person is a sexually violent predator, the person shall remain in the custody of the department of mental health. If the court or jury finds that the person is no longer a sexually violent predator, the person shall be conditionally released as provided in section 632.505.

632.501. If the director of the department of mental health determines that the person's mental abnormality has so changed that the person is not likely to commit acts of sexual violence if released, the director shall authorize the person to petition the court for release. The petition shall be served upon the court and the attorney general. [The court, upon receipt of the petition for release, shall order a hearing within thirty days. The attorney general shall represent the state, and shall have the right to have the petitioner examined by a consenting psychiatrist or psychologist not employed by the department of mental health or department of corrections. The hearing shall be before a jury 10 if demanded by either the petitioner or the attorney general. The burden of proof shall be upon the attorney general to show beyond a reasonable doubt that the 11 12 petitioner's mental abnormality remains such that the petitioner is not safe to be at large and that if discharged is likely to commit acts of sexual violence.] Any 13 hearing or trial shall be conducted according to the provisions of 14 section 632.498. 15

632.504. Nothing in sections 632.480 to 632.513 shall prohibit a person from filing a petition for [discharge] release pursuant to sections 632.480 to 632.513. However, if a person has previously filed a petition for [discharge]

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- release without the director's [of the department of mental health] approval and
- the court determined either upon review of the petition or following a hearing, 5
- that the petitioner's petition was frivolous or that the petitioner's condition had
- not so changed that the person was safe to be at large, then the court shall deny
- the subsequent petition unless the petition contains facts upon which a court
- could find the condition of the petitioner had so changed that a hearing was
- warranted. Upon receipt of a first or subsequent petition from committed persons 10
- without the director's approval, the court shall endeavor whenever possible to 11
- review the petition and determine if the petition is based upon frivolous grounds 12
- and if so shall deny the petition without a hearing. 13
 - 632.505. 1. Upon determination by a court or jury that a person is no longer a sexually violent predator, the court shall place the person on conditional release pursuant to the terms of this section. The primary purpose of conditional release is to provide outpatient treatment and monitoring to prevent the person's condition from deteriorating to the degree that he or she would need to be returned to a secure facility of the department of mental health.
- 2. In conjunction with the department of corrections, the 8 department of mental health shall develop a conditional release plan that contains appropriate conditions for the person to be released. The 10 plan shall address the person's need for supervision, counseling, 11 medication, community support services, residential services, 12 vocational services, and alcohol and drug treatment. The department 13 of mental health shall submit the proposed plan for conditional release 14 15 to the court.
 - 3. The court shall review the plan and determine the conditions that it deems necessary to meet the person's need for treatment and supervision and best serve the interests of justice and society. The court shall order that the person will be subject to the following conditions and other conditions as deemed necessary:
- 21 (1) Maintain a residence approved by the department of mental 22 health;
- 23 (2) Maintain employment unless engaged in a specific program approved by the department of mental health; 24
 - (3) Obey all federal and state laws;

- 26 (4) Not possess a firearm or dangerous weapon;
- 27 (5) Not be employed or voluntarily participate in an activity that
- 28 involves contact with children without approval of the department of
- 29 mental health;
- 30 (6) Not consume alcohol or use a controlled substance except as
- 31 prescribed by a treating physician;
- 32 (7) Not associate with any person who has pled guilty to or been
- 33 found guilty of a felony;
- 34 (8) Not leave the state without permission of the department of
- 35 mental health;
- 36 (9) Not have contact with specific persons, including but not
- 37 limited to, the victim or victim's family, as directed by the department
- 38 of mental health;
- 39 (10) Not have any contact with any child without specific
- 40 approval by the department of mental health;
- 41 (11) Not possess material that is pornographic, sexually oriented,
- 42 or sexually stimulating;
- 43 (12) Not enter a business providing sexually stimulating or
- 44 sexually oriented entertainment;
- 45 (13) Submit to a polygraph, plethysmograph, or other behavioral
- 46 assessment;
- 47 (14) Submit to electronic monitoring which may be based on a
- 48 global positioning system or other technology that identifies and
- 49 records a person's location at all times;
- 50 (15) Attend and fully participate in assessment and treatment
- 51 specific to sexual crimes or drug and alcohol abuse or both;
- 52 (16) Take all psychiatric medications as prescribed a treating
- 53 physician;
- 54 (17) Waive rights to confidentiality thereby authorizing the
- 55 department of mental health to access evaluation, counseling,
- 56 treatment, and other confidential records;
- 57 (18) Pay fees to the department of mental health and the
- 58 department of corrections to cover the costs of services and monitoring;
- 59 (19) Report to or appear in person as directed by the department
- 60 of mental health; and

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61 (20) Other conditions that the court determines to be in the best 62 interest of the person and society.

- 63 4. A person who is conditionally released may be supervised by a probation and parole officer employed by the department of 64 65 corrections, but the person shall remain under the control care and treatment of the department of mental health. 66
- 67 5. The court may modify conditions of release upon its own motion or upon the petition of the department of mental health or the 68 person on conditional release. 69
- 6. The following provisions shall apply to violations 70 \mathbf{of} conditional release:
- 72(1) If any probation and parole officer has reasonable cause to believe that a person on conditional release has violated a condition of 73 his or her release or that the person is no longer a proper subject for 74conditional release, the officer may issue a warrant for the person's 75arrest. The warrant shall contain a brief recitation of the facts 76 supporting the officer's belief. The warrant shall direct any peace officer to take the person into custody immediately so that he or she 78 can be returned to a secure facility; 79
 - (2) If a mental health coordinator has reasonable cause to believe that a person on conditional release has violated a condition of the person's release or that the person is no longer a proper subject for conditional release the mental health coordinator may request that a peace officer take the person into custody immediately so that he or she can be returned to a secure facility;
 - (3) The department of mental health shall promptly notify the court that the person has been apprehended and returned to a secure facility;
- 89 (4) Within seven days of the person's return to a secure facility, the department of mental health shall file a petition to revoke the person's conditional release or continue the person on conditional 91 92 release:
- 93 (5) If a petition to revoke conditional release is filed, the person shall remain in custody until a hearing is held on the petition. The 94hearing shall be given priority on the court's docket. If upon hearing

753, 764, 782, 783 & 890

96 the evidence the court finds by preponderance of the evidence that the

- 97 person has violated a condition of his or her release and that the
- 98 violation of the condition was sufficient to render the person no longer
- 99 suitable for conditional release, the court shall revoke the person's
- 100 conditional release and order the person returned to the custody of the
- 101 department of mental health for secure inpatient treatment. If the
- 102 court determines that revocation is not required, the court may modify
- 103 or increase the conditions of release or order the person's release on
- 104 the existing conditions of release;
- 105 (6) A person whose conditional release has been revoked may
- 106 petition the court for subsequent release pursuant to sections 632.498,
- 107 632.501, and 632.504 no sooner than six months after the person's return
- 108 to a secure facility.
- 7. For the purpose of supervising a person on conditional
- 110 release, the department of mental health may enter into agreements
- 111 with the department of corrections and other departments and may
- 112 enter into contracts with private entities.
- 8. The department of mental health and the department of
- 114 corrections may require a person on conditional release to pay a
- 115 reasonable fee to cover the costs of providing services and monitoring
- 116 while the person is released. Each department may adopt rules with
- 117 respect to establishing waiving, collecting, and using fees.
 - 632.507. 1. The attorney general shall in a timely manner inform victims
 - 2 of a sexually violent offense committed by a person:
 - 3 (1) That a written notice has been given by the agency with jurisdiction
 - 4 to the attorney general and the multidisciplinary team pursuant to subsection 1
 - 5 of section 632.483;
 - 6 (2) Of the decision of the prosecutor's review committee in determining
 - 7 whether or not the person may be a sexually violent predator;
 - 8 (3) That a petition has been filed with the circuit court pursuant to
 - 9 section 632.484 or 632.486;
 - 10 (4) Of the outcome of a trial held pursuant to the provisions of section
 - 11 632.492;
 - 12 (5) Of the filing of any petition or pending proceedings held pursuant to
 - 13 the provisions of sections 632.498 to [632.504] **632.505**.

2. Such victims shall have the right to be present at any proceeding held pursuant to the provisions of sections 632.480 to 632.513. Failure to notify shall not be a reason for postponement of release. Nothing in this section shall create a cause of action against the state or an employee of the state acting within the scope of the employee's employment as a result of the failure to notify pursuant to this section.

650.120. 1. Subject to appropriation, the Missouri state highway
2 patrol shall create a program to investigate Internet sex crimes against
3 children, including but not limited to enticement of a child and
4 possession or promotion of child pornography. The highway patrol
5 shall designate members of the patrol to investigate such crimes
6 against children and provide computer forensics on a full-time basis
7 under this program. The highway patrol shall coordinate with any
8 existing Internet Crimes Against Children task forces located in
9 Missouri to investigate such crimes.

2. The highway patrol shall make computer forensics available to any multijurisdictional Internet cyber crime law enforcement task force or law enforcement agency that requests such assistance.

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